

DR. WILE ON MOLOKAI

Interesting Address at
the Pacific
Club.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

An elaborate luncheon was given yesterday at the Pacific Club by Dr. Chas. B. Cooper in honor of Dr. W. C. Wile of Danbury, Conn., one of Hawaii's most ardent friends, after which the visitor gave an interesting talk on the impressions he had formed during his recent visit with his host to the Leper Settlement on Molokai.

The invited guests, all of whom were present except Mr. Irwin, were Governor George R. Carter, Judge Sanford B. Doe, Hon. Alex. Young, Hon. W. O. Smith, Dr. George Herbert, Dr. L. E. Cofer, C. S. M. H. S. Hon. A. S. Cleghorn, Hon. Samuel Parker, Mr. L. E. Pinkham, Mr. Mark Robinson, Hon. W. G. Irwin.

The luncheon was designed to bring Dr. Wile into closer social contact with leading men of the islands. The doctor is an after-dinner speaker of ability, and in his talk yesterday he gave his auditors some word-paintings of scenes on Molokai that were most impressive. His description of the portion of the island on which the Settlement stands, and the possibilities for turning it into an arboreal Garden of Eden by making more use of the fertile soil, was of particular interest.

Dr. Wile said he had been amazed as well as instructed by what he had seen, first because of the malady of which no one really knows anything until he has had personal observation, and second because of the rugged beauty of Molokai. Dr. Wile had examined the condition of the people as thoroughly as the limited time of his stay permitted. He said he had found a colony on the island which was well cared for, and he did not believe there was such another place in the world where inmates were so well looked after. He found them cherished wards of the Territory, not outcasts.

But with all this Dr. Wile had found some things lacking. He had found a community living without employment. The Settlement was located on a beautiful peninsula covered with fertile soil, a place which he believed could be eventually converted into a vernal paradise. He thought that if the people had something to occupy themselves with, work for two or three hours a day, with care in the selection of a diet, something which would take their minds off their malady, the doctors would obtain better results in treatment. Some stimulant in the way of prizes for keeping up their grounds and some real good labor, which in a little time would make the place bloom like a rose, would do good.

The doctor spoke in the highest terms of Superintendent McVeigh, a man of fine qualities, with way down in his heart an affection for the people under his charge which makes him one in a thousand. Mr. McVeigh had the strength of character to govern well and Dr. Wile believed that, because of his kindly, though firm relations with the people in the conduct of the affairs of the Settlement, the most cordial relations existed between Superintendent and people. Everything there seemed to point to humane and beneficent control.

The feature which had struck the visitor particularly was the brave doctor—Goodhue—who has nearly a thousand patients to attend to all the time. What could a man do in scientific work with such a burden resting on his shoulders day and night?

There was the opportunity for the Territory of Hawaii to make a reputation which would resound from one end of the world to the other, and this was to find a treatment or cure for leprosy. The opportunity was exceptional. If leprosy were a disease that swept off 10,000 people at a stroke, all nations would be up in arms to put it down. In the entire world there are not many lepers, and the world generally looks upon the disease with horror, but not being epidemic in form and results, the world did not pursue it with scientific relentlessness.

The work placed upon this one doctor was too much. Dr. Goodhue is a good man, interested in his labor and the people, and it is his desire to do scientific work in their behalf. It was necessary that the government should establish an experimental hospital, the initial cost of which would not be less than \$100,000. Should such an institution be founded by the government, a great scientific work would go out of the little peninsula on the rugged island that would echo and re-echo throughout the world. Under the direction of the United States Marine Hospital Service the Settlement was the place where the most original and diligent scientific research could be carried on, a work that would be for the benefit of mankind the world over.

There were a few things which came under his observation which made a deep impression on him. One was his visit to the home for girls where a Catholic Sister had some of the young women sing for the visitors. The one who played the piano struck him particularly. To him she did not appear to be afflicted, but he noticed that some of the notes did not sound in music with which he was acquainted and then he saw the cause in a lack of digits. It almost brought tears to his eyes when he thought that this woman and the others about her could, under the circumstances, have their souls filled with music.

Another instance was when at six most dusk, the sky streaked with red and all the world seemed to be at peace and beautiful, eight young men came to the gate of the Superintendent's place and sang several songs. They had come because they had heard "a great had come" to see them, as they said. One song was evidently composed in honor of the doctor's visit. The singers hoped that God had guided his footsteps to their doors that he might mitigate the distress among them.

Another beautiful song as translated from Hawaiian into English, was evidently dedicated to a parting of the soloist from his mother, his father, sister and brother, ending with an appeal to God, in His goodness and greatness, to guide some one to them who would cure them.

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Governor Carter, at his office after the luncheon, spoke warmly of the pleasure the two hours at table with Dr. Wile had given to himself. He described Dr. Wile as a lovable and an earnest man, who takes a great interest in the Molokai Settlement and the humane problems it offers for beneficent solution.

Dr. Wile promised that he would do all he could to aid the movement for obtaining Federal co-operation in scientific investigation of the disease. With regard to that subject he told the party assembled that, whenever the occasion arose, he wished to be informed and he would go to Washington to assist the movement in every possible way.

"He has a heart, and he is a big man," was one of the expressions of admiration for Dr. Wile the Governor uttered.

WELCOME TO NEW METHODIST LEADER

There was a reception at the Methodist parsonage last evening to Rev. J. W. Wadman, the new Methodist superintendent here, which was attended by about 250 people. The features of the affair were addresses and music. Mr. W. A. Bowen made a speech of welcome for the people of Honolulu; Mr. H. C. Brown, of the Y. M. C. A., spoke in greeting for church workers. Rev. E. W. Thwing welcomed Mr. Wadman on behalf of the ministers and Mr. A. J. Lyle spoke of the organization of the local Methodist church, yesterday being the tenth anniversary of its founding. There was music by girls from the Kaula Home and by Kaula's Quintette Club. Nearly all the evangelical clergy were present.

HERE'S WHAT'S WANTED,

A Citizen of Honolulu Supplies the Information.

Over half the complaints of mankind originate with the kidneys.

A slight touch of backache at first. Twinges and shooting pains in the loins follow. They must be checked, they lead to graver complications. The sufferer seeks relief.

So-called kidney cures which do not do the back.

Plasters are tried and liniments for cure.

The long looked for result seems unattainable.

If you suffer, do you want relief?

Follow the plan adopted by this gentleman.

Mr. S. Hanoland, of this city, is a Custom House guard. He writes: "Having been afflicted with an aching back for some time, I procured a supply of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills at Hollister & Co.'s store, and used them. The results were most satisfactory and I know that the pills are a valuable medicine for kidney complaints and especially for a lame back."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes \$2.50) or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Ltd., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

NOTLEY HANGS BACK AND WILL BE PROSECUTED

(From Sunday's Advertiser.)

No retraction of the charges against Lauka was received yesterday by W. A. Kinney, chairman of the Democratic central committee from Charles Notley, Home Rule candidate for delegate to Congress. Notley has retained J. J. Dunne as counsel, and is being guided by his attorney in the matter.

The warrants for Umauma and Nakookoo were held up all morning waiting upon Notley's expected letter of retraction. Both the men mentioned are campaigning in the outer precincts of this island, and it was thought that Notley was taking time by the forelock to give them an opportunity of talking before being shut down.

Finally a letter from Notley was received at the Democratic headquarters which the writer may have intended for a retraction but which was found very unsatisfactory to the Democrats. Mr. Notley is said to have evaded the question at issue. The Democrats did not consider it apologetic enough, and the charge preferred against him—criminal libel—will be pressed in police court on Monday morning.

In the meantime the warrants prepared on Friday for the arrest of Stephen Umauma and J. K. Nakookoo, were placed in the hands of the police for service. The warrant against Notley is not returnable until Monday. By mistake his name was entered on the police court calendar for hearing yesterday morning, but was continued until Monday.

Umauma and Nakookoo are said to be making a tour of Oahu spreading information against Lauka such as appeared in the Kukoo Home Rule on Friday.

The Democrats were hoping yesterday for a complete retraction and had made arrangements to have it sent by wireless telegraph to the other islands. Mr. Notley stated yesterday that he did not consider himself personally responsible for what appeared in the Kukoo Home Rule. He was the owner of the printing establishment, but did not run nor stand as sponsor for the paper which is printed on his premises.

RAILROAD'S NEW HEAD

Week's Doing Generally
In and About
Hilo.

HILO, Nov. 4.—W. H. Lambert has been succeeded as superintendent of the Hilo Railroad Co. by D. E. Metzger, who has been in charge of the company's accounts for six months and previously in the office of the O. R. & L. Co., Honolulu. Mr. Metzger was an attorney and a newspaperman in Kansas, who began railroad business in Colorado ten years ago. Mr. Leonard, late of the O. R. & L. Co., succeeds Mr. Metzger as cashier.

A SAD LOSS.

Mrs. Mary B. Reinhardt, a niece of John T. Baker, died of consumption in Hilo on Friday night week. She was in her 26th year, having been the daughter of the late Edward Baker, Makawao, Maui. Besides her husband, Chas. Reinhardt, she leaves a sister, Mrs. Geo. Copp, and four brothers. She is described as having been one of Hawaii's brightest young women.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Of 26 names drawn for next grand jury, it is believed 11 are of exempt persons, and the trial jury draft is equally as bad a job of the commission.

Lau Chan, after serving a week for the larceny of Panama hats, escaped from the chain gang.

Another wild steer episode on the streets occurred Wednesday, when Mr. and Mrs. W. S. McLean were knocked into a ditch by a beast that escaped from a herd.

Miss Lyons, for years postmistress at Waima, has been married to Mr. Hay of that place.

It is expected that the entire \$10,000 stock of the new racing association will be taken in a few days. Eight thousand dollars is for the park purchase, the balance for improvements.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Lowrey, Mr. and Mrs. Cooke, Mrs. Howard and L. A. Thurston are expected tonight overland from Kawaihae.

The Japanese will give a moving picture show in the Salvation Army barracks for the benefit of the Red Cross Society in Japan.

William G. Irwin and John Buck left Hilo on Tuesday to visit plantations in Kau.

The steamer Enterprise will leave San Francisco on the 9th inst. and returning leave Hilo on the 25th, making regular trips thereafter.

Ronald Kennedy took a party up the Volcano road on his new Oldsmobile on Sunday, making the journey to Fifteen Miles in an hour and a half and returning to Hilo in fifty minutes.

Father Oliver will return from a visit to his old home in Belgium early in December.

Great interest is taken in the golf tournament to be held tomorrow.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Mrs. Bernice Reid to Christian Castendyk, head clerk of the local branch of H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

The output of the Louissou coffee plantation thus far shipped amounts to 329 bags of coffee.

Governor Carter will give a dinner to his official family at the Moana Hotel some evening next week.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY IN OLD VIRGINIA.

The Hutchinson Drug Company, which is located at Perry, Oklahoma, U. S. A., in speaking of the sale of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says:

"We take pleasure in recommending it to our customers because we believe it is honestly made and a meritorious preparation. We sold it in Old Virginia and several other states, covering a period of over twenty years, and have always found it to give perfect satisfaction." For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

HOME RULE DEFLECTIONS

Leaders on Maui
Desert Lost
Cause.

MAUI, Nov. 5.—Politics during the past week on Maui has been comparatively quiet. The most important event to Republicans was the desertion of the Home Rule party by Charles Kanehelo and Solomon Kawaiho, prominent Home Rule leaders of Wailuku.

Kanehelo was the president of the Home Rule Wailuku precinct club and Kawaiho has been nominated for the legislature by Home Rule.

It seems as if the Home Rule party on Maui is permanently breaking up. It is also stated that both S. E. Kaize and F. W. Beckley are waiting only till November 8 is past to declare themselves Republicans.

In joining the Republican party, Kanehelo and Kawaiho stated that there was no longer any hope of the Home Rule party accomplishing anything. The purpose that caused its formation, the restoration of the Queen, was irretrievably dead. The only live parties were the Democrat and Republican. They chose the latter because it was in power and could and would do more for Hawaiians than the former.

These two Wailuku leaders have been making a tour of East Maui during the week preaching Republican doctrine to the natives, beginning on Tuesday night at Keokea, Kula and departing on Wednesday for Kaupo. They are expected in Wailuku to-night.

Last night all the Republican candidates for senators and representatives excepting Geo. Copp took the steamer Kinat at Maalaea Bay intending to meet a special steamer from Honolulu and take passage in it for the Molokai Settlement and there do some campaigning.

CITIZEN LABOR ABUNDANT.

The work on the new government road at Muelea between Kipahulu and Hana is being pushed forward rapidly by the use of citizen labor of which an abundance can be obtained in the vicinity.

More than two men have been regularly employed until this week by J. W. Springston who has charge of the project for contractor L. M. Whitehouse.

As the road is nearing completion (it will be finished in five or six weeks), Mr. Springston has recently discharged about half his force. He much prefers citizen to Japanese labor, thinking the former more economical.

OFF FOR THE WAR.

Saturday, October 26th, was an exciting day for Maui Japanese, about one hundred of them leaving for the war in the East. At Wailuku the reservists from that town were conveyed to the railroad depot by a long line of hacks. Thirty sailed away from the landing at Lahaina and fifteen or twenty departed from Paia, Hamakua and Kula.

From the camp at Paia plantation several hundred people, men, women and children, marched a mile or so to the railroad station escorting the soldiers bound for the war. A bugler and a drummer headed the procession followed by fifty cavalry and fifty infantry, all in uniform of blue and brown—the former armed with tin swords and the latter with wooden guns. Nearly every one carried a white and red flag. Behind the men in uniform came several hundred in kimono and ordinary garb.

Twenty of the reserves summoned from Hana could not be found owing to a change of residence.

When recalling its soldiers the Japanese war office sends a registered letter to each one enclosing an order on Yokohama Specie Bank of Honolulu for \$100 in gold to pay expenses.

HOMESTEADS WANTED.

Approximately 4,000 acres of Haleakala Kula land in Makawao, the lease of which from the Government expires in January, 1905, 2,000 acres of it is above the forest line and will be probably reserved for forest land by the Government; the other 2,000 acres is situated on the slope between Mrs. H. G. Alexander's premises in Makawao and Olinda, and is dry pasture land covered with manie grass.

It is known here that the application of the Territory for an additional million dollar bond issue is not looked upon with disfavor, but no official action has yet been taken. The first formal application for such a loan came through the Treasurer of the Territory. It was returned to Honolulu with directions that the application be made through one Carter. That is repeated here as the proper official form for the application.

ERNEST G. WALKER.

letters, during the fiscal year, amounted to \$15,592.

POSTAL RECEIPTS OF LEADING POST OFFICES OF THIS TERRITORY

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 24.—The Postoffice Department has finally made up the books for the presidential postoffices in the Territory of Hawaii. The figures, as they will be published, in the course of three or four weeks, by the auditor for the Postoffice Department in his annual report, will differ in form considerably from similar figures in years past. Nevertheless the outline will be about the same. The figures cover the fiscal year that ended June 30 last, and, as is the case with most government statements, are now about four months old.

The report shows that the gross receipts of the postoffice at Hilo, for twelve months under the administration of William I. Madeira, were \$24,653. The postmaster's salary was \$2,100, clerk hire, \$1,120, rent, light and fuel, \$85. The amount of fees for special delivery letters was \$1,228.

In Honolulu Postmaster J. M. Oat reported gross postal receipts of \$64,215. Out of that was paid his salary of \$2,400 and the salary of the assistant postmaster and of the clerks to the amount of \$13,000; also salaries for the delivery of letters to the amount of \$17,814. The fees for special delivery

A petition has been recently forwarded to Commissioner Pratt praying that this land be opened to homesteaders. As there is not water available and the region is subject to frequent and long-continued droughts, it will be most difficult for homesteaders to make a living from these lands. A portion of the upper section should be allotted to persons wishing to build summer homes, as the vicinity is a most healthful one, possessing a cool, bracing climate 3,000 or 4,000 feet above the sea level. Near by are the summer resorts of H. A. Baldwin, J. B. Castle, and F. L. Stolz.

OTHER AVAILABLE LAND.

At Omopio, Kula, is another 2,000 acres of government land, or rather 1,600 acres exclusive of Kuleanas, that will soon be opened to settlers by the land department. This land though dry will have a supply of water led on to it by a pipe coming from springs in the forest above Olinda and will be rented to people who may colonize Omopio at a moderate rate. This land is well adapted to sugar growing and adjoins Haleakala Ranch lands devoted to the same product. Not only that, but the Maui Agricultural Co., or Haleakala Ranch Co., will eventually establish a sisal mill there to whose advantages all neighboring planters will undoubtedly be welcome.

This Kula land seems to be a much better proposition for homesteaders than the Makawao lands.

KINDERGARTENERS MEET.

Today at Lahaina will take place a convention of Maui kindergarten teachers. All the teachers from the "Alexander House," Wailuku, Miss Mosser and assistants of the Paia kindergarten, Miss Steele and assistants of the Hilo makupoko kindergarten, Mrs. H. P. Baldwin and others will attend.

THE MIKADO'S BIRTHDAY.

On the 3rd the Mikado's birthday was most elaborately celebrated by Maui Japanese. More preparations were made for its observance this year than ever before. On several of the plantations uniformed companies of men have been drilling for weeks past, some with tin swords on horseback as cavalry and others with wooden guns on foot as infantry. Even the young boys caught the warlike spirit and sported uniforms of blue and brown.

Then in addition to the flying of numerous Japanese flags from every dwelling, large arches of greens and flags were erected at the principal gates of the various plantation camps.

At the Kahului polo grounds in the afternoon a very large crowd from all the surrounding country assembled for sports and games.

NOTES.

Monday evening a Halloween party was held by twenty-five young people at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Lindsay of Paia. According to tradition supernatural influences must have prevailed in earnest, judging by the sepulchral-looking forms wrapped in sheet and pillow-case that wended their ghostly way from the Frank S. Alexander residence to the adjoining Lindsay home during the early hours of the eve of All Saints. Despite appearances a most jolly evening was spent.

Yesterday at Makawao Court House, Judge Copp sentenced a 13-year old Portuguese boy to a term of five years in the Reform School. The cause of the punishment was given as follows: Friday evening, October 28, the boy stole a horse, saddle and bridle from the premises of W. C. Crook of Makawao, and rode the animal to Kaunapali, where he was arrested by a Lahaina policeman in the act of driving cattle with the stolen horse.

It is stated that the Maui Hotel property of Wailuku will soon revert to its former owner, Carl Waldeyer. The hotel was not the lucrative investment anticipated.

The coal vessel General Fairchild cleared for Port Townsend yesterday. It has been unloading coal at Kaunapali for several weeks past.

Dr. Wall, the Honolulu dentist, is at Kihui.

Wednesday afternoon the Ladies' Reading Club met at the residence of Mrs. H. A. Baldwin of Hamakua. "The American Indian" was the topic.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. S. Williams of Punene and Mrs. Dowsett of Makawao departed for Honolulu today, called by the critical condition of Mrs. Green, who is the mother of Mrs. Williams and the sister of Mrs. Dowsett.

At a polo game played last Saturday afternoon, F. F. Baldwin, H. A. Baldwin, Fred Baldwin and E. Peck won over W. O. Aiken, C. C. Kumbhaara, G. S. Aiken and J. Thompson by a score of 3 goals to 1.

Weather: Several inches of rain on Monday night and Tuesday. Pleasant the remainder of week.

THE PRINCE MUNIFICENT

He Leaves One Thousand Dollars for
Local Charities.

Prince Fushimi of Japan left one thousand dollars with Consul General Miki Saito as a gift to the cause of charity in Honolulu.

One-half of the amount is for the Associated Charities and one-half for Japanese charitable organizations.

The munificence of the gift is befitting the imperial donor, giving a reality to the proverbial term princely applied to such benefactions. This act of Prince Fushimi will make everybody here, from the Governor to the private who turned out in the military escort of the visitor, proud that Honolulu was the first American soil upon which he was welcomed on behalf of the Nation.

Judge Dole overruled the motion for arrest of judgment in the case of Kobayakawa, convicted of unregistered distilling. Attorney L. A. Dickey's ground of demurrer was that the kind of distilling was not mentioned. The court finds that it makes no difference. The liquid produced may be vinegar, but if the still is not registered the law is violated.

A SMALL BOY'S DIARY.

There is a certain nine-year-old kid in this city who is keeping a diary. The book was given him last Christmas by a relative, and his father had forgotten all about it until he accidentally found the volume the other day. Curious to see what his small son had written in it, he opened the book and found that the diary had been faithfully kept. Here are a few of the entries:

"I am 9 years old to-day. Looked in the glass, but whiskers ain't sproutin' yet."

"Sassed a boy. Got licked."

"Pop borrid ten cents for car fair, that makes \$1.15 he owes me. Wonder if he ever get it."

"Jimmy—stole my ball. I licked him for it."

"Ast Pop for some of my money and he giv me a nickle. I want that doler."

"We feles got up a baseball club to-day. I'm pitcher. If I had that doler 15 I could get a uniform."

"Pop got paid to-day and giv me my money."

"Mamma borrid a doler. Dam these people anyway. A feloe cant save nothin'."

"Ast Pop about banks. I want to put my money where carfair aint so skarse."

"Got licked again."

There was more of this, but "Pop" had read enough. As a result there was a conference, and now the arrangement is to pay five per cent. a week interest, and settle every pay day. The kid got his "uniform"—Philadelphia Telegraph.

A SILLY SAYING.

"It is a common but silly opinion prevailing among a certain class of people that the worse a remedy tastes, smells or hurts, the more efficacious it is."

So says a well-known English physician. He further adds:

"For example, let us consider cod liver oil. As it is extracted from the fish this oil is so offensive to the taste and smell that many cannot use it at all, no matter how badly they need it. Yet cod liver oil is one of the most valuable drugs in the world and it is the greatest pity that we have not thus far been able to free it from those peculiarities which so seriously interfere with its usefulness." This was written years ago; the work of civilizing and redeeming it has since been triumphantly accomplished; and as a leading ingredient in the remedy called

WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION the oil retains all its wonderful curative properties with no bad smell or taste whatever. It is palatable as honey and contains all the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites and Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry; creating a medicine of unequalled power for the diseases most prevalent and fatal among men, women and children. There is no other remedy to compare with it. It increases the digestive power of the stomach and in Blood Impurities, Throat and Lung Troubles, Nervous Dyspepsia and Scrofulous Affections, it gives quick and certain relief and cure. Dr. G. C. Shannon, of Canada, says: "I shall continue its use with, I am sure, great advantage to my patients and satisfaction to myself." Thus all the virtues of cod liver oil; none of its faults. You may trust it fully; it cannot disappoint you. At all chemists.